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SCI IDENTIFICATION (SCIDNT) PROGRAM
USER'S GUIDE

SYSTEMS CONTROL, INC. (Vt)
1801 Page Mill Road
Palo Alto, California 94304

NASA Contract NAS1-14549
November 1979

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National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Langley Research Center,
Hampton, Va.

Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif.

UTTL: Development of advanced techniques for rotorcraft state estimation and
parameter identification

UNCLASSIFIED JULY 19, 1976 / OCTOBER 15, 1978 A/266

PI: B/HALL, W. E.

REPORTS EXPECTED

MAJS: /*AERODYNAMIC STABILITY/*ALGORITHMS/*CONTROL STABILITY/*CONTROLLABILITY/*
DATA PROCESSING/*DATA REDUCTION/*FLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS/*FLIGHT CONTROL/*
FLIGHT TESTS/*HELICOPTER PERFORMANCE/*HELICOPTERS/*POSTFLIGHT ANALYSIS/*
PREDICTION ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES/*STABILITY DERIVATIVES

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79A18156* ISSUE 5 PAGE 758 CATEGORY 8 RPT#: AHS 78-30 CNT#:
NAS1-14549 78/00/00 23 PAGES UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENT

UTTL: Rotorcraft system identification techniques for handling qualities and
stability and control evaluation

AUTH: A/HALL, W. E., JR.; B/GUPTA, N. K.; C/HANSEN, R. S. PAA: C/(Systems
Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif.)

CORP: Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif.

In: American Helicopter Society, Annual National Forum, 34th, Washington,
D.C., May 15-17, 1978, Proceedings. (A79-18126 05-01) Washington, D.C.,
American Helicopter Society, 1978. 23 p.

MAJS: /*AIRCRAFT STABILITY/*COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN/*CONTROLLABILITY/*DESIGN
ANALYSIS/*HELICOPTER DESIGN/*ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

MINS: / ALGORITHMS/ DATA PROCESSING/ KALMAN FILTERS/ LEAST SQUARES METHOD/
MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD ESTIMATES/ ONBOARD EQUIPMENT

ABA: (Author)

ABS: An integrated approach to rotorcraft system identification is described.
This approach consists of sequential application of (1) data filtering to
estimate states of the system and sensor errors, (2) model structure
estimation to isolate significant model effects, and (3) parameter
identification to quantify the coefficient of the model. An input design
algorithm is described which can be used to design control inputs which
maximize parameter estimation accuracy. Details of each aspect of the

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rotorcraft identification approach are given. Examples of both simulated
and actual flight data processing are given to illustrate each phase of
processing. The procedure is shown to provide means of calibrating sensor
errors in flight data, quantifying high order state variable models from
the flight data, and consequently computing related stability and control
design models.

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81N22726** ISSUE 13 PAGE 1811 CATEGORY 61 RPT#: NASA-CR-159085

CNT#: NAS1-14549 79/11/00 54 PAGES UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENT

UTTL: INDES User's guide multistep input design with nonlinear rotorcraft modeling.

CORP: Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif. AVAIL. NTIS SAP: HC A04/MF A01

Sponsored in part by Army

MAJS: /*COMPUTER PROGRAMS/*INPUT/*NONLINEAR SYSTEMS/*ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

MINS: / AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS/ ALGORITHMS/ COMPUTER PROGRAMMING/ DATA PROCESSING/ USER MANUALS (COMPUTER PROGRAMS).

ABA: M.G.

ABS: The INDES computer program, a multistep input design program used as part of a data processing technique for rotorcraft systems identification, is described. Flight test inputs base on INDES improve the accuracy of parameter estimates. The input design algorithm, program input, and program output are presented.

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81N22725** ISSUE 13 PAGE 1811 CATEGORY 61 RPT#: NASA-CR-159084

CNT#: NAS1-14549 79/11/00 29 PAGES UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENT

UTTL: SCI model structure determination program (OSR) user's guide --- optimal subset regression

CORP: Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif. AVAIL. NTIS SAP: HC A03/MF A01

MAJS: /*COMPUTER PROGRAMS/*MATHEMATICAL MODELS/*REGRESSION ANALYSIS/*ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

MINS: / AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS/ AERODYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS/ ALGORITHMS/ CORRELATION/ DATA PROCESSING/ INDEPENDENT VARIABLES/ INPUT/ OUTPUT

ABA: M.G.

ABS: The computer program, OSR (Optimal Subset Regression) which estimates models for rotorcraft body and rotor force and moment coefficients is described. The technique used is based on the subset regression algorithm. Given time histories of aerodynamic coefficients, aerodynamic variables, and control inputs, the program computes correlation between various time histories. The model structure determination is based on these correlations. Inputs and outputs of the program are given.

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81N22724** ISSUE 13 PAGE 1811 CATEGORY 61 RPT#: NASA-CR-159083
CNT#: NAS1-14549 79/11/00 121 PAGES UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENT

UTTL: NLSCIDNT user's guide maximum likelihood parameter identification computer
program with nonlinear rotorcraft model

CORP: Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif. AVAIL.NTIS SAP: HC A06/MF
A01

MAJS: /*COMPUTER PROGRAMS/*MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD ESTIMATES/*NONLINEAR SYSTEMS/*
ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

MINS: / AERODYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS/ AERODYNAMIC STABILITY/ ALGORITHMS/ COMPUTER
PROGRAMMING/ FLIGHT CONTROL/ OPTIMIZATION/ USER MANUALS (COMPUTER
PROGRAMS)

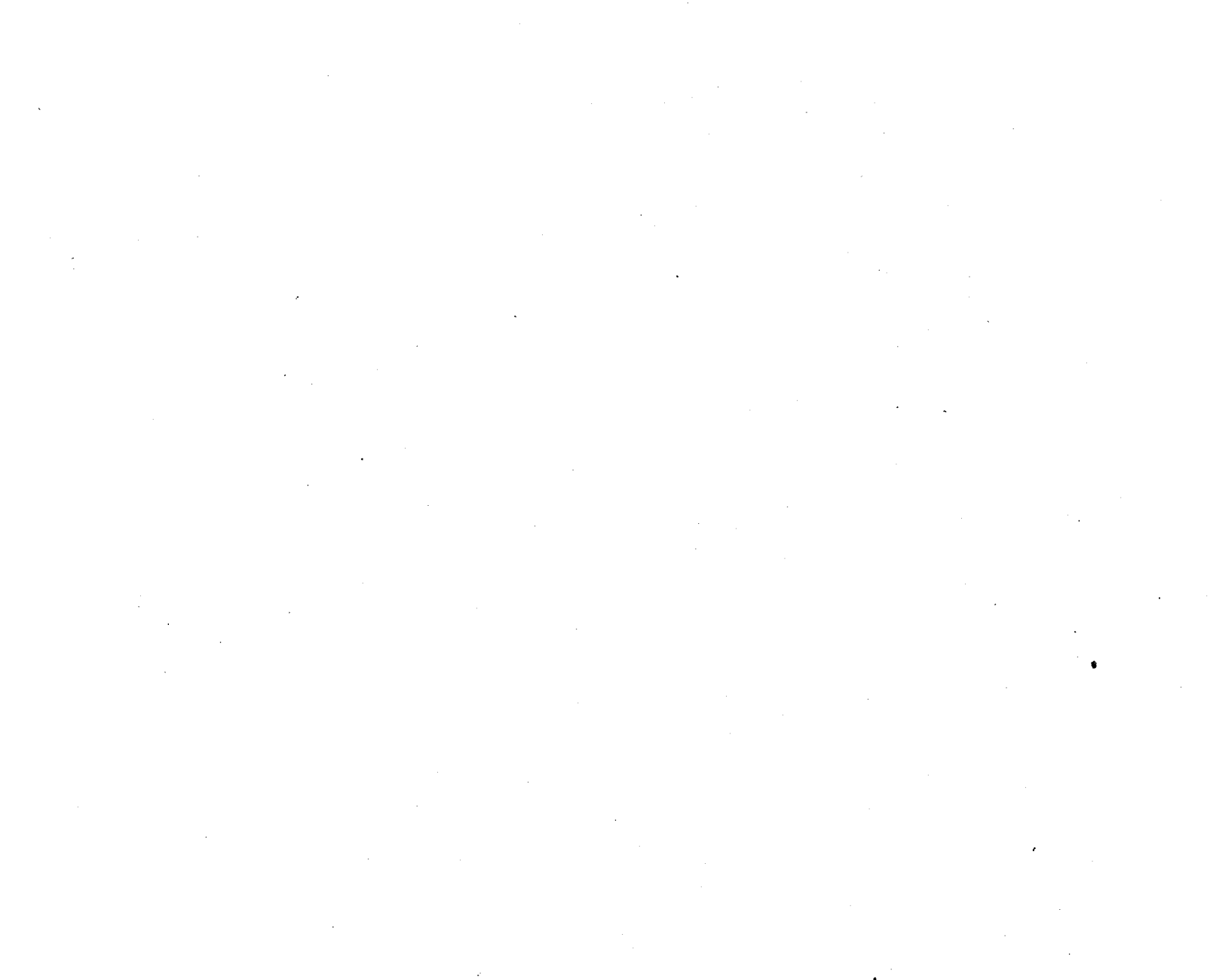
ABA: M.G.

ABS: A nonlinear, maximum likelihood, parameter identification computer program
(NLSCIDNT) is described which evaluates rotorcraft stability and control
coefficients from flight test data. The optimal estimates of the
parameters (stability and control coefficients) are determined
(identified) by minimizing the negative log likelihood cost function. The
minimization technique is the Levenberg-Marquardt method, which behaves
like the steepest descent method when it is far from the minimum and
behaves like the modified Newton-Raphson method when it is nearer the
minimum. Twenty-one states and 40 measurement variables are modeled, and
any subset may be selected. States which are not integrated may be fixed

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at an input value, or time history data may be substituted for the state
in the equations of motion. Any aerodynamic coefficient may be expressed
as a nonlinear polynomial function of selected 'expansion variables'.



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81N22723** ISSUE 13 PAGE 1811 CATEGORY 61 RPT#: NASA-CR-159082

CNT#: NAS1-14549 79/11/00 50 PAGES UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENT

UTTL: SCI Identification (SCIDNT) program user's guide --- maximum likelihood method for linear rotorcraft models

CORP: Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif. AVAIL. NTIS SAP: HC A03/MF A01

MAJS: /*COMPUTER PROGRAMS/*LINEAR SYSTEMS/*MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD ESTIMATES/*ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

MINS: / AERODYNAMIC COEFFICIENTS/ AERODYNAMIC STABILITY/ ALGORITHMS/ COMPUTER PROGRAMMING/ FLIGHT CONTROL/ OPTIMIZATION/ USER MANUALS (COMPUTER PROGRAMS)

ABA: M. G.

ABS: The computer program Linear SCIDNT which evaluates rotorcraft stability and control coefficients from flight or wind tunnel test data is described. It implements the maximum likelihood method to maximize the likelihood function of the parameters based on measured input/output time histories. Linear SCIDNT may be applied to systems modeled by linear constant-coefficient differential equations. This restriction in scope allows the application of several analytical results which simplify the computation and improve its efficiency over the general nonlinear case.

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81N22722*# ISSUE 13 PAGE 1811 CATEGORY 61 RPT#: NASA-CR-159081

CMT#:-NAS1-14549- 79/11/00--69 PAGES -- UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENT--

UTTL: DEKFIS user's guide: Discrete Extended Kalman Filter/Smoother program for aircraft and rotorcraft data consistency

CORP: Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif. AVAIL. NTIS SAP: HC A04/MF A01

MAJS: /*COMPUTER PROGRAMS/*DATA SMOOTHING/*FIXED WINGS/*KALMAN FILTERS/*ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

MINS: / ALGORITHMS/ COMPUTER PROGRAMMING/ ERROR CORRECTING DEVICES/ ESTIMATING/ INSTRUMENT ERRORS/ LINEARIZATION/ NONLINEAR EQUATIONS/ USER MANUALS (COMPUTER PROGRAMS)

ABA: M.G.

ABS: The computer program DEKFIS (discrete extended Kalman filter/smoother), formulated for aircraft and helicopter state estimation and data consistency, is described. DEKFIS is set up to pre-process raw test data by removing biases, correcting scale factor errors and providing consistency with the aircraft inertial kinematic equations. The program implements an extended Kalman filter/smoother using the Friedland-Duffy formulation.

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81N19098** ISSUE 10 PAGE 1302 CATEGORY 5 RPT#: NASA-CR-159297
CNT#: NAS1-14549 80/11/00 265 PAGES UNCLASSIFIED DOCUMENT

UTTL: Development of advanced techniques for rotorcraft state estimation and
parameter identification

AUTH: A/HALL, W. E., JR.; B/BOHN, J. G.; C/VINCENT, J. H.

CORP: Systems Control, Inc., Palo Alto, Calif. AVAIL. NTIS SAP: HC A12/MF
A01

MAJS: /*AERODYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS/*MATHEMATICAL MODELS/*PARAMETER
IDENTIFICATION/*ROTARY WING AIRCRAFT

MINS: / AEROELASTICITY/ DEGREES OF FREEDOM/ HELICOPTER DESIGN/ KALMAN FILTERS/
MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD ESTIMATES/ ROTOR AERODYNAMICS

ABA: A. R. H.

ABS: An integrated methodology for rotorcraft system identification consists of
rotorcraft mathematical modeling, three distinct data processing steps,
and a technique for designing inputs to improve the identifiability of the
data. These elements are as follows: (1) a Kalman filter smoother
algorithm which estimates states and sensor errors from error corrupted
data. Gust time histories and statistics may also be estimated; (2) a
model structure estimation algorithm for isolating a model which
adequately explains the data; (3) a maximum likelihood algorithm for
estimating the parameters and estimates for the variance of these
estimates; and (4) an input design algorithm, based on a maximum

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likelihood approach, which provides inputs to improve the accuracy of
parameter estimates. Each step is discussed with examples to both flight
and simulated data cases.

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I. INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW

System identification technology has been used successfully for many vehicles. Because of their large number of degrees of freedom and complex aerodynamic interactions, the rotorcraft have always presented a special challenge to system identification methods. A completely integrated methodology has been developed under this NASA contract to solve this difficult problem. This methodology has also been translated into a user oriented series of computer programs. This volume provides basic guidelines for efficient and effective use of one of these computer programs.

Figure 1 shows a schematic flowchart of the overall data processing technique for rotorcraft. The first step in this procedure is state estimation and instrument calibration. This is implemented by the computer program DEKFIS (for Discrete Extended Kalman Filter and Smoother) which implements an extended Kalman filter/smoothen using the Friedland-Duffy formulation. Instrument biases and scale factors are estimated at this stage together with any state which is not measured directly. The second step involves estimation of the mathematical model of various forces, moments and interchanges. This is implemented in OSR (Optimal Subset Regression) computer program which uses a regression technique. Accurate estimates of parameters are obtained in the final step. One of two computer programs is used for this purpose. SCIDNT implements the maximum likelihood method for linear systems and NLSCIDNT extends the method to nonlinear rotorcraft models.

The contract research effort which led to the results in this report was financially supported by the Structures Laboratory, USARTL (AVRADCOM), NASA Langley Research Center and NASA Ames Research Center.

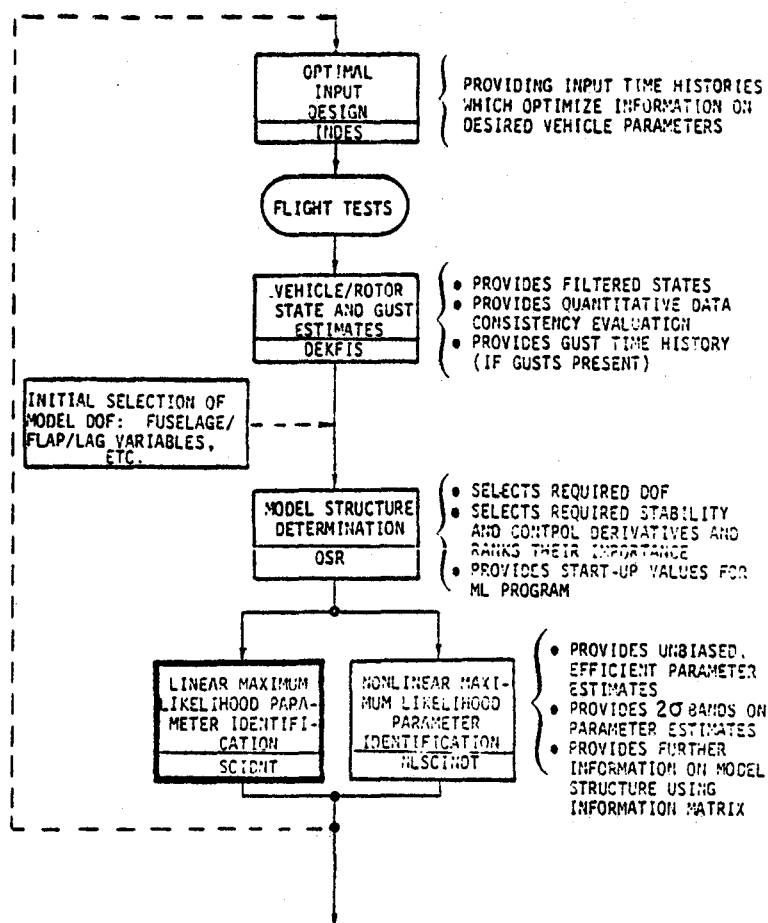


Figure 1 Integrated Rotorcraft System Identification Procedure

Accuracy of parameter estimates may be improved by using flight test inputs based on the input design program, INDES.

This user's manual describes the SCIDNT computer program. The details of the theory and the particular implementation used are given in the final report.*

* Hall, W.E., Gupta, N.K., Hansen, R. and Bohn, J., "State Estimation and Parameter Identification for Rotorcraft," Final Report on Contract NAS1-14549, May 1978.

II. BACKGROUND

The computer program Linear SCIDNT (from SCI maximum likelihood IDenTification for linear systems) evaluates rotorcraft stability and control coefficients from flight or wind tunnel test data. It implements the maximum likelihood method to maximize the likelihood function of the parameters based on measured input/output time histories. Linear SCIDNT may be applied to systems modeled by linear constant-coefficient differential equations. This restriction in scope allows the application of several analytical results which simplify the computation and improve its efficiency over the general non-linear case. The functions of Linear SCIDNT may be summarized as follows. For the linear system:

$$\frac{d}{dt} x(t) = F(\theta)x(t) + G(\theta)u(t) + \Gamma(\theta)w(t)$$

$$y(t_k) = H(\theta)x(t_k) + D(\theta)u(t_k) + v(t_k) ; \quad k=1,2,\dots,N$$

where

$$E[w(t)w^T(\tau)] = Q(\theta) \delta(t-\tau)$$

$$E[v(t_k)v^T(t_\ell)] = R(\theta) \delta_{k\ell}$$

$$E[v(t)w^T(\tau)] = 0$$

θ = a vector of parameters to be identified

where $\delta(t-\tau)$ and $\delta_{k\ell}$ are Dirac delta functions. Linear SCIDNT estimates specified elements of the parameter vector θ .

The program has the following special features:

- (1) The program is set up for rotorcraft models.
- (2) The applicable model may be specified depending on the measured response (this includes rotor, body, rotor/body, coupled and uncoupled, longitudinal and lateral models). The set of measurements may also be selected depending on available instruments.
- (3) The program estimates the standard deviations and confidence levels of all parameter estimates.
- (4) Up to 120 parameters can be identified in one run.
- (5) Multiple maneuvers can be processed in one run.
- (6) The user can specify that any of the parameters are known constants or are to be identified.
- (7) Extensive diagnostic printouts can be switched on to aid the user in setting up the input deck properly before making a complete run.
- (8) The user has the option of producing time history records of actual and estimated measurements in the form of tabular printout, printer plots, or magnetic tape for off-line high resolution plotting.

III. PROGRAM STRUCTURE

This section gives a brief discussion of the major sub-routines and functional blocks of Linear SCIDNT. Figure 3.1 shows the basic program structure.

The main routine, DRIVER, is responsible for setting up the problem for the optimization routine SMAIN, calling SMAIN and then performing output tasks such as printing and/or storing (for later plotting) control and actual vs. estimated time histories.

SMAIN, the optimization routine, uses the Levenberg-Marquardt search procedure to drive the identified parameters to values such that the likelihood function is maximized. As the parameters are stepped, information is printed out describing the progress of each iteration.

UPDATE is called by SMAIN to calculate the likelihood function, its gradient, with respect to the parameters and the information matrix (an approximation to the Hessian of the likelihood function with respect to the parameters). The cost and gradient are derived from propagation of the measurement and measurement sensitivity (with respect to each parameter) equations, performed by UPDATE, using the transition matrix technique. UPDATE also contains special code for the case when the model is assumed to have process noise excitation.

In addition to the functional blocks described above, numerous other small routines are called to perform utility tasks, such as specially formatted printout, pointer manipulation, and matrix algebra.

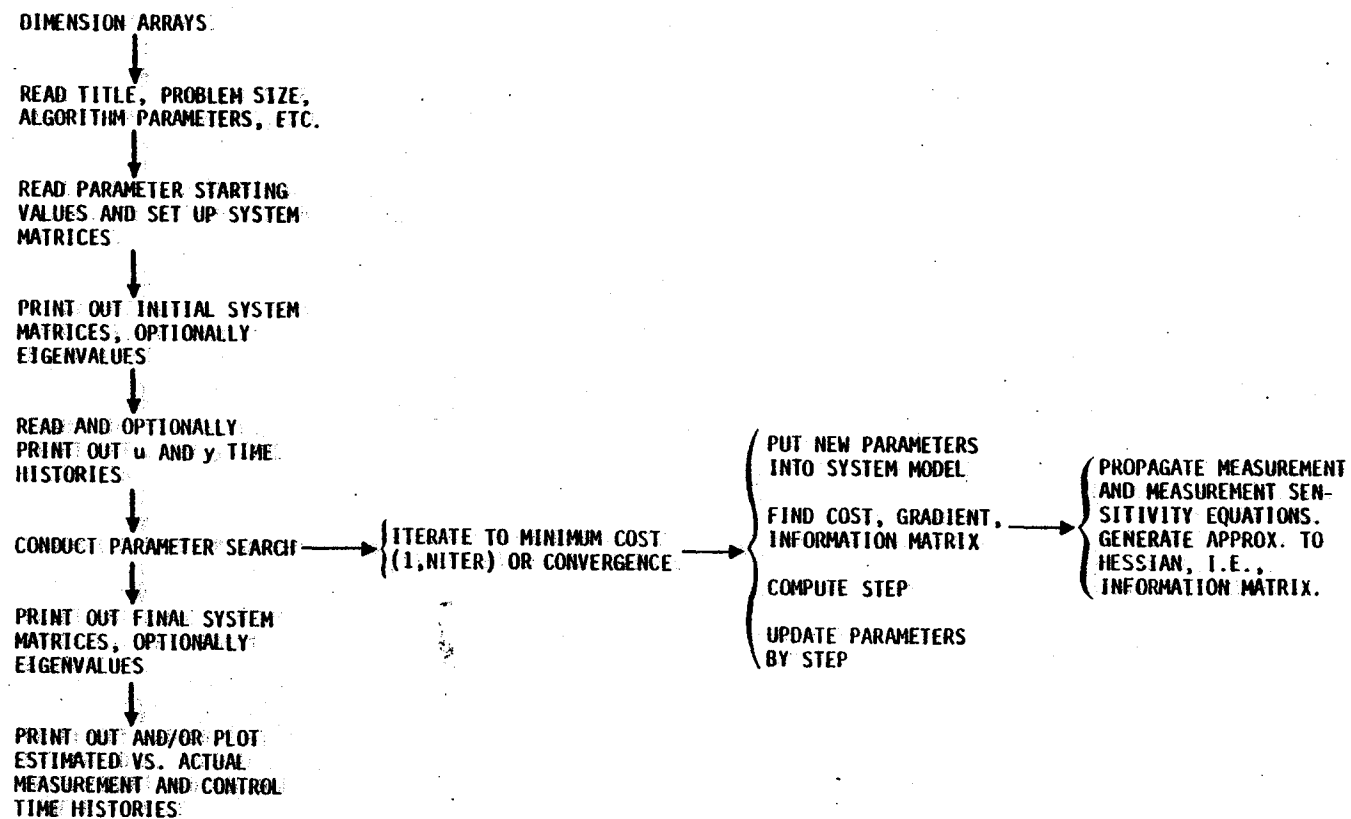


Figure 3.1 General Flowchart of SCIDNT

IV. INPUTS TO THE PROGRAM

Linear SCIDNT requires two classes of input. The first type, which will be referred to as "card-input" defines the model, its size (number of states, etc.), and its parameters, including indicators as to which ones are to be identified. Other quantities read include controls over the optimization routine, printout flags, and plot control flags. Card-input is read from unit 5.

The second type of input referred to as "time-history input" consists of tabular values of the measurement and control time histories. SCIDNT calls a subroutine INREAD once before beginning the identification algorithm. Subroutine INREAD reads the values of the measurements y and controls u for the entire time period of the experiment. This is because in general, INREAD must read data in many different formats for various types of simulation or flight test data.

4.1 CARD INPUT

4.1.1 General

Card-input to Linear SCIDNT consists of three different groups of cards. The first group, consisting of only one card, specifies a 76-character title to be printed at the top of every page of output. This serves to identify the run and/or the data which is specified as input.

The second group, a NAMELIST data deck called INPUT, specifies the problem size (number of states, number of measurements, etc.), optimization algorithm controls, and program output controls.

The third group of cards specifies the numerical values of the parameters in the model and flags the ones to be identified. Parameters not flagged are assumed to be fixed and known. Also indicated on these cards are parameter labels, parameter initial values, and upper and lower bounds for identified parameters. The bounds are useful for parameters such as sines or cosines, whose magnitude must not exceed 1.

A detailed description of card input is seen in Table 4.1. The NAMELIST cards are punched according to usual NAMELIST conventions, such as free format between columns 2 and 72, order independence, etc. See the applicable FORTRAN manual for more details. A sample input deck is shown in Figure 4.1.

4.1.2 Detailed Explanation of Selected Card-Inputs

K1MAX

K1MAX specifies the maximum number of successful iterations that the optimization algorithm will perform before returning to the main program. Each successful iteration represents a step toward the maximum of the likelihood function (equivalently, the minimum of the negative log of the likelihood function, which is the actual cost function used). If convergence is achieved in less than K1MAX iterations, then the final values of the parameters will reflect the last step calculated. If convergence is not achieved in K1MAX iterations, the parameters will have the values before the last step was calculated. This feature allows the initial and final parameter values to be equal when K1MAX is input as 0. In this fashion, time history plots of the system with the initial values of the parameters can be generated, and the first step calculated on a low-cost checkout run. An even lower-cost checkout run can be made by setting K1MAX = -1, which is the same as setting K1MAX = 0, but without a calculation of the first step.

Table 4.1
Input Card Formats

CARD GROUP	COLUMNS	FORMAT	VARIABLE NAME AND DESCRIPTION
Title	1-76	19A4	Run and/or Program identification.
INPUT Namelist	2-72	Free	First card must begin with \$INPUT followed by \$END. Intervening cards set values for the following variables (defaults in parentheses):
		Integer	NS = number of states (22)
		Integer	NP = number of measurements (25)
		Integer	NQ = number of controls (8)
		Integer	NN = number of time points to be read by INREAD from data file (21). Can be negated to trigger data printout by INREAD.
		Integer	K1MAX = maximum number of iterations (6). See notes.
		Integer	K2MAX = maximum number of cost function increases per iteration (4). See 4.1.2. (step cuts)
		Integer	MCYCLE = number of parameters identified per iteration (min(# parameters id'd,12)). Must be less than or equal to total number of parameters identified. See 4.1.2.
		Integer	NG = number of process noise sources (6). If equal to zero, output error option is assumed. See 4.1.2.
		Integer	IRCMP = 0, R-matrix not updated. IRCMP > 0, R-matrix updated every IRCMP iterations. See 4.1.2.

Table 4.1 (Continued)

CARD GROUP	COLUMNS	FORMAT	VARIABLE NAME AND DESCRIPTION
INPUT Namelist (Cont'd)	2-72	Free	
		Integer	<p>IPRT = 0, No diagnostic printout IPRT = 1, State and measurement debugging printout IPRT = 2, State and measurement sensitivity debugging printout IPRT = 4, Information matrix debugging printout. Default = 0.</p> <p>Note: These values may be summed to obtain combined printouts. Also, the sum may be negated to obtain time histories associated with each level of printout. See 4.1.2.</p>
		Real	DELTA = Sample time increment of input measurement and control time histories (.05 seconds)
		Logical	EIGF = Calculate and print out F-matrix eigenvalues before and after optimization procedure (.FALSE.)
		Logical	PRTTB = Print out tabular time history of controls and actual vs. estimated measurements. (.FALSE.)
		Logical	PRTPL = Produce printer plots of controls and actual vs. estimated measurements (.FALSE.)
		Logical	TAPEPL = Produce mass storage file of controls and actual vs. estimated measurements. These time histories are written on unit 2 and can be used as input for off-line plotting. (.FALSE.)
		Integer	NREC = Number of maneuvers in data record (1)
		Integer Array	IREC = The Ith maneuver starts at the IREC(I)th data point (1)

Table 4.1 (Continued)

CARD GROUP	COLUMNS	FORMAT	VARIABLE NAME AND DESCRIPTION
INPUT Namelist (Cont'd)	2-72	Free	
		Integer	MAXP = maximum number of parameters (computed from other inputs)
		Integer	NTERMS = # of terms in transition matrix series evaluation (20)
		Integer	IPRTSM = 0 prints inputs for FMARQ, PMARQ, NTERMS, odd turns on level 1 print (0)
		Logical	USERLAB = .TRUE. to read user supplied labels for plots (.FALSE.)
		Real	FMARQ = initial Marquard search parameter (30.)
		Real	PMARQ = factor for increase or decrease of Marquard parameter (1.)
		Real	DEFBDU = upper bound default on P (10^6)
		Real	DEFBDL = lower bound default on P (-10^6)
		Real	STEPMN > $ \text{STEP} ^2$ defines convergence (.001)
		Real	RELERR > relative change in likelihood function defines convergence (10^{-6})
USER LABELS	1	A1	CHAR = Y for measurement label = U for control label
	3-4	I2	INDEX = which measurement or control
	11-50	4A10	ALABEL (I), I = 1,4 label

Table 4.1 (Continued)

CARD GROUP	COLUMNS	FORMAT	VARIABLE NAME AND DESCRIPTION
Parameter	1	A1	J2 = blank: this parameter is to be held fixed throughout the optimization J2 = non-blank: this parameter is to be identified
	2	A1	ECHK = non-blank: terminator card for the parameter group
	6-25	4I5	(IPX(I), I=1,4), pointers to positions in which this parameter appears in linear system (see 4.1.2)
	26-35	A10	PLAB: Parameter name.
	36-50	E15.7	PVAL: If this parameter is identified, P is its starting value. If it is not identified, P is its known value. (Default = 0.) Fixed parameters of value zero need not be specified in the parameter card group.
	51-65	E15.7	PLJ1: Lower bound of this parameter, if identified. Default = $-1.0E+6$
	66-80	E15.7	PUJ1: Upper bound of this parameter, if identified. Default = $1.0E+6$ See 4.1.2 for more detailed description of parameter card group

COLUMN 1			Title Card		
ROTORCRAFT SCIDNT TEST CASE			} SINPUT Namelist		
SINPUT					
N1=14.					
N2=14.					
N3=4.					
N4=0.					
PMAPQ=30.. PMAPQ=1..					
K1MAX = 10.					
K2MAX=20.					
NN=501.					
DELTA=.01.					
TAPEPL=.TRUE..					
EIGF=.TRUE..					
PRTPPL=.TRUE..					
SEND					
•	1	253	XU	-.0048	PARAMETER SPECIFICATION CARDS
•	2	254	YU	-.0156	
•	3	255	ZU	-.124	
•	4	256	LU	-.0011	
•	5	257	MU	-.0065	
•	6	258	NU	-.0016	
	10		HUU	.0294	
	12		HUU	.0841	
	14		HUU	-.0844	
•	15	267	XV	.00042	
•	16	268	YV	-.0567	
•	17	269	ZV	-.0071	
•	18	270	LV	-.0154	
•	19	271	MV	.0023	
•	20	272	NV	.0081	
	24		HUV	.0005	
	26		HUV	-.0707	
	28		HUV	-0.0506	
•	29	281	XW	.0942	
•	30	282	YW	.00216	
•	31	283	ZW	-.744	
•	32	284	LW	-.0099	
•	33	285	MW	.0016	
•	34	286	NW	-.0002	
	38		ROW	.432	
	40		RAW	.0374	
	42		RDW	-.0945	
•	43	295	XP	-.126	
	44		YP-VSALO	6.83	
•	45	297	ZP	-6.12	
•	46	298	LP	-.172	
•	47	299	MP	-.0055	
•	48	300	NP	.111	
•	49	135 145 195	ONE	1.	
	52		ROP	.495	
	54		RAP	-8.46	
	56		RBP	-15.2	
	57		XQ-VSTHO	-9.97	
•	58	310	YQ	-.854	
	59		ZQ-VCTHO	193.	
•	60	312	LQ	.017	
•	61	313	MQ	-5.0	
•	62	314	NQ	.0544	
	63		SPHOTTHO	0.	
	64		CPHO	1.	
	66		HQ	-3.97	
	68		HQ	-18.4	
ID Flag	Parameter Location Pointers		Parameter Name	Startup Values	

Figure 4.1 Sample Input Data

	70		WMU	12.1	PARAMETER SPECIFICATION CARDS (CONT.)
*	71	323	XR	.005	
	72		YP-VCALO	-107.0	
*	73	325	ZU	4.4	
*	74	326	LR	.003	
*	75	327	MR	.0045	
*	76	328	NH	-.725	
	77		CPHOTTMO	.0007	
	78		-SPMO	0.	
	80		ROA	-3.96	
	82		RAA	.156	
	84		ROA	-.72	
	86		GCPHOCTHO	32.2	
	87		-PSPHOCTHO	0.	
	99		-GCTHO	-32.2	
	100		-GSPHOCTHO	0.	
	101		-GCPHOCTHO	-1.44	
	113	365	XAO	25.1	
	114	366	YAO	-10.1	
	115	367	ZAO	-210.	
	116	368	LAO	-.52	
	117	369	MAO	-.064	
	118	370	NAO	-1.4	
*	122		ROAO	-165.	
*	124		BAAO	89.5	
*	126		BRAO	-8.31	
	127	379	XAO DOT	.0010	
	128	380	YAO DOT	-.376	
*	129	381	ZAO DOT	.799	
	130	382	LAO DOT	-.01	
	131	383	MAO DOT	-.0021	
	132	384	NAO DOT	-.0152	
*	136		ROA DOT	-13.7	
*	138		BAA DOT	3.32	
*	140		BRA DOT	1.56	
	141	393	XAI	-24.	
	142	394	YAI	4.32	
	143	395	ZAI	-11.1	
	144	396	LAI	-.056	
	145	397	MAI	3.84	
	146	398	NAI	-.83	
*	150		ROAI	19.0	
*	152		BAAI	-47.	
*	154		BRAI	154.	
	155	407	XAI DOT	-2.51	
	156	408	YAI DOT	-.21	
	157	409	ZAI DOT	3.78	
	158	410	LAI DOT	-.472	
*	159	411	MAI DOT	.3	
	160	412	NAI DOT	-.0532	
*	164		ROAI DOT	.000	
*	166		BAAI DOT	-19.4	
*	168		BRAI DOT	22.4	
	169	421	XMI	-1.91	
	170	422	YMI	25.4	
	171	423	ZMI	11.7	
	172	424	LMI	17.4	
	173	425	MMI	1.0	
	174	426	NMI	1.04	
*	178		ROMI	-16.8	
*	180		BAMI	-161.	
*	182		BRAI	-48.7	
	183	435	XMI DOT	-.44	
	184	436	YMI DOT	.923	
	185	437	ZMI DOT	-4.44	
	186	438	LMI DOT	1.07	

Figure 4.1 (Continued)

	187	439			MM100T	.10*	PARAMETER SPECIFICATION CARDS (CONT)
	188	440			MM100T	.08	
•	192				MM100T	-.59	
•	194				MM100T	-23.7	
•	196				MM100T	-17.6	
	296				YP	-.91	
	309				XQ	-2.42	
•	197	449			XTMIS	-4.92	
•	198	450			YTMIS	12.0	
•	199	451			ZTMIS	124.	
•	200	452			LTMIS	.913	
•	201	453			MTMIS	-.352	
•	202	454			NTMIS	-.0905	
•	206				MMTMS	-64.2	
•	208				MMTMS	-117.	
	210				MMTMS	163.	
	211	453			XTMIS	-4.92	
	212	464			YTMIS	11.9	
	213	465			ZTMIS	17.1	
	214	466			LTMIS	3.33	
	215	467			MTMIS	-.0745	
	216	468			NTMIS	-.543	
	220				MMTMS	3.82	
	222				MMTMS	163.	
	224				MMTMS	110.	
	225	477			XOLTH	-.44	
	226	478			YOLTH	6.87	
	227	479			ZOLTH	.534	
	228	480			LOLTH	3.85	
	229	481			MOLTR	.0074	
	230	482			NOLTR	-5.17	
	234				MOLTR	-1.94	
	236				MOLTR	-.43	
	238				MOLTR	.29	
	239	491			XTM0	26.5	
	240	492			YTM0	-.704	
	241	493			ZTM0	-264.	
	242	494			LTM0	-3.45	
	243	495			MTM0	.88	
	244	496			NTM0	4.7	
	248				MMTMS	231.	
	250				MMTMS	30.7	
	252				MMTMS	-84.	
	311				ZQ	24.4	
	324				YH	1.61	
	301	316	331	344	ONE	1.	
	301	376	405	434	ONE	1.	
	405				QAX	1.25E-02	
	520				QAY	1.25E-02	
	535				QAZ	1.25E-02	
	550				QPUOT	1.53E-05	
	565				QGDOT	1.53E-05	
	580				QNDOT	1.53E-05	
	595				QR	3.79E-06	
	610				QR	3.79E-06	
	625				QR	3.79E-06	
	640				QPMI	1.45E-07	
	655				QTHETA	1.45E-07	
	670				QAO	5.78E-07	
	685				QAI	5.78E-07	
	700				QBI	5.78E-07	

Figure 4.1 (Continued)

K2MAX

Sometimes the calculated step of a given iteration is too large, causing the negative log likelihood function to increase. When this happens, the optimization algorithm cuts back the step until the cost decreases. K2MAX limits the number of times that this can occur in an iteration. The default value of 4 should be sufficient for most cases.

MCYCLE

Although every parameter can be moved during each iteration, significant savings of computer time can be realized if only a portion of the total number of identified parameters are stepped each iteration, especially if there are many (> 20) parameters to be identified. MCYCLE determines how many parameters are stepped at each iteration. If MCYCLE = 0, or is absent, then all the parameters are stepped at once each iteration, up to a maximum of 60. If MCYCLE > 0 , then MCYCLE parameters are stepped. The identified parameters are grouped MCYCLE at a time in the order that they appear in the parameter cards. Different MCYCLE groupings can be achieved by rearranging the parameter cards. If the total number of identified parameters is not an even multiple of MCYCLE, the remainder of parameters in the last MCYCLE group are taken from the first group, and subsequent MCYCLE groups are changed accordingly. MCYCLE must be less than or equal to the number of identified parameters, and must never be greater than 60.

Note that this advanced computation technique was introduced into the computer program to save execution time while solving large order problems. The final estimates of parameters should be the same (within limits of numerical error and one standard deviation of parameter estimation error), irrespective of the value of MCYCLE. This technique has been used in the optimization of large static econometric models and is based on a similar technique proposed by Golub and Pereyra [1].

NG

Setting $NG > 0$ activates the process noise option of Linear SCIDNT, in which the linear model is assumed to be excited by random disturbances. If this option is used, parameters for Γ and Q matrices should appear in the parameter cards. Since the process noise case assumes that the estimated state is the output of a Kalman filter, which must be calculated, significant computational overhead is required for this option. However, improved accuracy of parameter estimates can be realized for data contaminated with process noise. If $NG > 0$, the input values of the R and Q matrices determine the dynamics of the state estimator.

If NG is set to 0, the output error option of the program is used. In this case, all errors between estimated and observed measurements are assumed to be due to measurement noise. No Γ or Q matrices are used, and the input R matrix is not used in the calculations, as measurement noise covariance is estimated from the data. Output error mode runs faster than process noise, and should be used when disturbances are known to have negligible effect on the data.

IRCMP

In the process noise option, the input value of the R -matrix is used to compute the Kalman filter gains. However, if the program has run for a few iterations, a better estimate of R can sometimes be obtained from the data and from new estimates of the process noise covariance. If $IRCMP > 0$, then the R -matrix used in the Kalman filter calculation is updated by the program every $IRCMP$ iterations. If $IRCMP = 0$, R is held fixed at its input value. Every time R is updated, its new value is printed out.

In the output error option, $IRCMP$ has no effect on the calculations. However, better estimates of R for future runs

can be obtained by setting IRCMP = 1, which will cause an estimate of R to be printed at each iteration.

IPRT

IPRT can be used to trigger several levels of diagnostic printout. Positive values of IPRT display matrices associated with each level of printout. (Level 4 is the same as Level 2, since there are no new matrices associated with the information matrix calculation.) Level numbers can be summed to obtain combined printouts. For example, IPRT = 3 causes a combined Level 1 and Level 2 printout, and IPRT = 7 includes all levels of printout. If the value of IPRT is negated, then time histories associated with each level are printed, as well as matrices. (IPRT = -4, -5, -6, or -7 will include a time history printout of the sensitivities used to compute each element of the information matrix).

Caution: Values of IPRT of magnitude greater than 1 will cause voluminous output. If such printouts are desired, it is best to set K1MAX = 0, and identify just a few parameters (1 or 2, if possible). If IPRT < 0, try to limit the number of data points to be 20 or fewer.

IPX Vector

IPX is read from a parameter card and determines the position in which the parameter appears in the system matrices. A parameter may appear in as many as four matrix elements, and the pointers to these elements are determined as follows. If the columns of the matrices (in the order F, G, H, D, R, T, Q) are stacked into one long vector, then the pointer to a given matrix element is equal to that element's position in the long vector. The four elements of IPX correspond to the four matrix elements in which a parameter can appear. Of the four fields on the parameter card for IPX elements, the leftmost

ones are used for non-zero values of IPX, i.e., unused IPX fields must appear on the right. The ranges of values for the pointers are as follows:

<u>Elements</u>	<u>In</u>	<u>Go From</u>	<u>To</u>
F	1 (IF)		$IF+NS*NS = (IG-1)$
G	IG		$IG+NS*NQ = (IH-1)$
H	IH		$IH+NP*NS = (ID-1)$
D	ID		$ID+NP*NQ = (ID-1)$
R	IR		$IR+NP*NQ = (IGAM-1)$
I*	IGAM		$IGAM+NS*NG = (IQ-1)$
Q*	IQ		$IQ+NG*NG$

4.2 TIME HISTORY INPUT

Time history input is read by subroutine INREAD. Because measurement and control time histories can be retrieved from tape, cards, or disk in numerous formats, INREAD is left as a user-written routine. The INREAD used in the sample run is shown in Figure 4.2.

Subroutine INREAD

SUBROUTINE INREAD (NP,NQ,NN,DELTA)

COMMON/TLCM/T(1)

COMMON/ULCM/U(1)

COMMON/YLCM/Y(1)

LEVEL 2, T, U, Y

Inputs: NP = number of measurements

NQ = number of controls

NN = number of data points

DELTA = time history sample interval (seconds)

*Used only with process noise option

Outputs: T = array for storing the time of each data point
U = array for storing the control time history
Y = array for storing the measurement time history
NN = number of data points actually read from file

- Notes: (1) The program uses the array T only for the plot outputs. The identification algorithm does not require T. The variable DELTA is passed to INREAD mainly for calculation of this array, and otherwise may be ignored (although a place must be held for it in the parameter list). This calculation can be done if the data file does not explicitly have on it the time for each data point.
- (2) As noted under "outputs," NN may be reset by INREAD to reflect the actual number of data points read from the file. This must be done if, for example, an end-of-file is reached before the anticipated number of data points are read. If NN is reset, a message to that effect should be printed.
- (3) INREAD should not reset the values of NP or NQ. DELTA may be reset, but if that occurs, a message to that effect should be printed, as an incorrect sample time can have disastrous effects on later computation.
- (4) INREAD may perform any desired pre-processing of Y and U.
- (5) It is recommended that INREAD print out the Y and U as arrays immediately after reading them to check the validity of the data, as shown in the example. DRIVER, which calls INREAD, has been coded so that a negative value of NN can be read from NAMELIST \$INPUT, and then passed to INREAD to trigger this printout, should the user desire to incorporate it. If NN comes into INREAD as a negative value, it must be reset positive via the IABS function before returning to DRIVER.

- (6) If the user should require additional card input in INREAD to control the processing of the input data, the cards can be placed immediately after the parameter description group of cards. Card input is on unit 5.
- (7) The arrays T, U, and Y are in LCM. Note that the INREAD declaratives specify only the starting addresses of these arrays and not their dimensions. Therefore, when these arrays are read they must be considered singly dimensioned, and the variables NP, NQ, and NN must be used to calculate the proper subscript for these arrays. T is a vector, U is assumed to have NQ rows and NN columns, and Y is assumed to have NP rows and NN columns.

V. OUTPUTS OF THE PROGRAM

Four forms of output can be obtained from Linear SCIDNT.

They are:

- (1) Tabular printout showing the progress of the parameter estimation process.
- (2) Tabular printout of time histories of controls, measurements, and measurement estimates using the final values of identified parameters, (PRTTB = .TRUE.)
- (3) Printer plots of control, measurement, and measurement estimate time histories, (PRTPL = .TRUE.)
- (4) Control, measurement, and estimated measurement time history data stored on mass storage to generate off-line plots, (TAPEPL = .TRUE.)

The first type of output is always produced. The last three are optional and may be independently selected by the user.

5.1 TABULAR PRINTOUT OF ITERATION PROGRESS

Figure 5.1 is an example printout of a SCIDNT run using the card input shown in Figure 4.1. Explanations of the results are noted on the printout.

5.2 PRINTER PLOTS

Figures 5.2 and 5.3 show typical printer plots of measurement and control time histories. Actual and estimated time histories for each measurement are plotted on the same axis so that closeness of fit can be visually evaluated.

5.3 TIME HISTORY ON MASS STORAGE

This option is provided to put measurement and control time history data on a mass storage file, primarily for the purpose of producing off-line plots analogous to the printer plots. Data is written to the device (logical unit 2) in unformatted records as follows:

<u>Record</u>	<u>Data</u>
1	NS, NQ, NP, NN NS = number of states NQ = number of controls NP = number of measurements NN = number of data points per variable
2 through NN+1	T(J), (U(K,J), K=1, NQ), (Y(K,J), K=1, NP), (YHAT(K,J), K=1, NP) T(J) = time for Jth data point U(K,J) = Kth control at Jth data point Y(K,J) = Kth actual measurement at Jth data point YHAT(K,J) = Kth estimated measurement at Jth data point
NN+2	End-of-file mark

NO. 11-11-11 11:11:11

NO. 11-11-11 11:11:11
 NO. 11-11-11 11:11:11
 NO. 11-11-11 11:11:11
 NO. 11-11-11 11:11:11
 NO. 11-11-11 11:11:11
 NO. 11-11-11 11:11:11

THE SAMPLE TIME INTERVAL IS 1.000E-02

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ITERATIONS IS 10.
 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF STEP CUTS IS 20.

INITIAL PARAMETER VALUES = 1.00000E+00
 PARAMETER PARAMETER FACTOR = 3.00000E+01

TRANSITION MATRIX SERIES EVALUATION CARRIED OUT TO 20 TERMS.

PARAMETER INDEX ACCORDING TO

INITIAL PARAMETER VALUES

PARAMETER NAME	MATRIX STACKING	INDEX OF IDENTIFIED PARAMETERS	PARAM VALUES	LOWER BOUND	UPPER BOUND
Y11	1	1	-3.50000E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y12	2	2	1.05000E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y13	3	3	-0.20000E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y14	4	4	-1.27500E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y15	5	5	-1.75000E-04	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y16	6	6	-2.00000E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y17	10		2.04000E-02	0.	0.
Y18	12		4.41000E-02	0.	0.
Y19	14		-4.44000E-02	0.	0.
Y20	15	7	3.15000E-04	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y21	16	8	-7.06750E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y22	17	9	-5.32500E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y23	19	10	-1.07500E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y24	10	11	1.72500E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y25	20	12	1.01250E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y26	24		5.00000E-04	0.	0.
Y27	26		-7.07000E-02	0.	0.
Y28	28		-5.06000E-02	0.	0.
Y29	29	13	7.06500E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y30	30	14	2.70000E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y31	31	15	-5.56000E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y32	32	16	-1.23750E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y33	33	17	1.20000E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y34	34	18	-2.50000E-04	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y35	39		4.32000E-01	0.	0.
Y36	40		3.70000E-02	0.	0.
Y37	42		-4.45000E-02	0.	0.
Y38	43	19	-4.45000E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y39	44	20	6.43000E+00	0.	0.
Y40	45	20	-7.45000E+00	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y41	46	21	-1.20000E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y42	47	22	-4.47500E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y43	48	23	0.22500E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
Y44	49		1.00000E+00	0.	0.
Y45	52		4.45000E-01	0.	0.
Y46	54		-7.45000E+00	0.	0.
Y47	55		-1.20000E-01	0.	0.
Y48	57		-4.47500E-03	0.	0.
Y49	58	24	-1.20000E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06

Figure 5.1 Sample Output

10			1.000000E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
11	26		-4.250000E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
12	27		4.250000E-02	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
CDH0TTH	28		0.	0.	0.
CDH0	29		1.000000E+00	0.	0.
130	30		-3.970000E+00	0.	0.
140	31		-1.880000E+01	0.	0.
150	32		1.210000E+01	0.	0.
16	33		1.001250E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
Y2=VCA10	34		-1.870000E+02	0.	0.
75	35		1.300000E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
17	36		5.53750E-01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
18	37		3.375000E-03	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
19	38		-0.100000E-01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
CDH0TTH	39		4.470000E-02	0.	0.
CDH0	40		0.	0.	0.
140	41		-3.060000E+00	0.	0.
141	42		1.560000E-01	0.	0.
142	43		-7.200000E-01	0.	0.
CDH0CTH0	44		3.220000E+01	0.	0.
CDH0CTH0	45		0.	0.	0.
CDH0	46		-3.220000E+01	0.	0.
CDH0CTH0	47		0.	0.	0.
CDH0CTH0	48		-1.440000E+00	0.	0.
149	49		2.510000E+01	0.	0.
150	50		-1.010000E+01	0.	0.
151	51		-2.140000E+02	0.	0.
152	52		-5.200000E-01	0.	0.
153	53		-4.400000E-02	0.	0.
154	54		-1.400000E+00	0.	0.
155	55		-1.260000E+02	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
156	56		1.11875E+02	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
157	57		-4.23250E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
158	58		4.160000E-02	0.	0.
159	59		-3.760000E-01	0.	0.
160	60		9.98750E-01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
161	61		-1.000000E-02	0.	0.
162	62		-4.210000E-02	0.	0.
163	63		-1.420000E-02	0.	0.
ONE	64		1.000000E+00	0.	0.
164	65		-1.02750E+01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
165	66		4.150000E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
166	67		1.170000E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
167	68		-2.400000E+01	0.	0.
168	69		4.320000E+00	0.	0.
169	70		-1.110000E+01	0.	0.
170	71		-4.500000E+00	0.	0.
171	72		1.840000E+00	0.	0.
172	73		-8.300000E-01	0.	0.
173	74		2.375000E+01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
174	75		-3.525000E+01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
175	76		1.425000E+02	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
176	77		-2.510000E+00	0.	0.
177	78		-2.100000E-01	0.	0.
178	79		3.760000E+00	0.	0.
179	80		-4.720000E-01	0.	0.
180	81		2.250000E-01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
181	82		-5.370000E-02	0.	0.
182	83		1.24075E+00	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
ONE	84		1.000000E+00	0.	0.
184	85		-1.055000E+01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
185	86		2.150000E+01	-1.000000E+00	1.000000E+00
186	87		-1.010000E+00	0.	0.
187	88		2.500000E+01	0.	0.
188	89		1.170000E+01	0.	0.

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

101	174		1.000000E+00	0.	0.
102	174	47	1.040000E+00	0.	0.
103	179	47	-1.260000E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
104	180	48	-2.012500E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
105	182	49	-3.452500E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
106	183		-4.000000E+01	0.	0.
107	184		4.230000E+01	0.	0.
108	184		-4.400000E+00	0.	0.
109	184		1.070000E+00	0.	0.
110	187		1.040000E+01	0.	0.
111	188		4.000000E+02	0.	0.
112	192	50	-7.375000E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
113	194	51	-1.777500E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
114	195		1.000000E+00	0.	0.
115	196	52	-2.200000E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
116	197	53	-3.600000E+00	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
117	198	54	1.500000E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
118	199	54	0.300000E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
119	200	56	1.141250E+00	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
120	201	57	-2.640000E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
121	202	58	-1.131250E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
122	206	59	-4.815000E+01	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
123	208	60	-1.462500E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
124	210		1.620000E+02	0.	0.
125	211		-4.020000E+00	0.	0.
126	212		1.140000E+01	0.	0.
127	213		1.710000E+01	0.	0.
128	214		3.330000E+00	0.	0.
129	215		-7.060000E+02	0.	0.
130	216		-5.430000E+01	0.	0.
131	220		4.820000E+00	0.	0.
132	222		1.630000E+02	0.	0.
133	224		1.100000E+02	0.	0.
134	225		-4.800000E+01	0.	0.
135	226		6.670000E+00	0.	0.
136	227		5.340000E+01	0.	0.
137	228		3.850000E+00	0.	0.
138	229		7.800000E+02	0.	0.
139	230		-5.170000E+00	0.	0.
140	234		-1.940000E+00	0.	0.
141	236		-5.300000E+01	0.	0.
142	238		2.900000E+01	0.	0.
143	239		2.650000E+01	0.	0.
144	240		-7.080000E+01	0.	0.
145	241		-2.690000E+02	0.	0.
146	242		-3.450000E+00	0.	0.
147	243		6.600000E+01	0.	0.
148	244		4.700000E+00	0.	0.
149	245		2.310000E+02	0.	0.
150	250		3.070000E+01	0.	0.
151	252		-4.400000E+01	0.	0.
152	253	1	-3.600000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
153	254	2	1.040000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
154	255	3	-0.300000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
155	256	4	-1.375000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
156	257	5	-2.750000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
157	258	6	-2.000000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
158	259	7	3.150000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
159	260	8	-7.007500E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
160	261	9	-4.325000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
161	270	10	-1.475000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
162	271	11	1.725000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
163	272	12	1.012500E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
164	281	13	1.012500E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06
165	282	14	1.700000E+02	-1.000000E+06	1.000000E+06

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

L	205	17	-1.20000E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
M	206	18	1.20000E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
N	207	19	-2.50000E-04	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YB	208	20	-4.45000E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
7B	209	21	-9.10000E-01	0.	0.
1B	210	22	-7.65000E+00	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
BP	211	23	-1.29000E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
OP	212	24	-4.07500E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
OF	213	25	8.32500E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YO	214	26	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
7O	215	27	-2.42000E+00	0.	0.
1O	216	28	-4.23750E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
MO	217	29	2.44000E+01	0.	0.
NO	218	30	1.27500E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
OE	219	31	-4.25000E+00	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
OF	220	32	4.45500E-02	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YO	221	33	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
7Y	222	34	1.00125E+00	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
1Y	223	35	1.61000E+00	0.	0.
MY	224	36	3.30000E+00	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
NY	225	37	5.53750E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
OE	226	38	3.37500E-03	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
OF	227	39	-9.10000E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YO	228	40	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
7Y	229	41	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
1Y	230	42	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
MY	231	43	2.51000E+01	0.	0.
NY	232	44	-1.01000E+01	0.	0.
OE	233	45	-2.19000E+02	0.	0.
OF	234	46	-5.20000E-01	0.	0.
YO	235	47	-6.40000E-02	0.	0.
7Y	236	48	-1.40000E+00	0.	0.
1Y	237	49	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
MY	238	50	4.16000E-02	0.	0.
NY	239	51	-3.76000E-01	0.	0.
OE	240	52	9.95750E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
OF	241	53	-1.00000E-02	0.	0.
YO	242	54	-4.21000E-02	0.	0.
7Y	243	55	-1.52000E-02	0.	0.
1Y	244	56	-2.40000E+01	0.	0.
MY	245	57	4.32000E+00	0.	0.
NY	246	58	-1.11000E+01	0.	0.
OE	247	59	-4.56000E+00	0.	0.
OF	248	60	3.44000E+00	0.	0.
YO	249	61	-9.30000E-01	0.	0.
7Y	250	62	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
1Y	251	63	-2.51000E+00	0.	0.
MY	252	64	-2.10000E-01	0.	0.
NY	253	65	3.74000E+00	0.	0.
OE	254	66	-4.72000E-01	0.	0.
OF	255	67	2.25000E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YO	256	68	-5.32000E-02	0.	0.
7Y	257	69	-1.41000E+00	0.	0.
1Y	258	70	2.58000E+01	0.	0.
MY	259	71	1.17000E+01	0.	0.
NY	260	72	1.79000E+01	0.	0.
OE	261	73	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
OF	262	74	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
YO	263	75	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
7Y	264	76	1.00000E+00	0.	0.
1Y	265	77	-4.40000E-01	0.	0.
MY	266	78	2.23000E-01	0.	0.
NY	267	79	-4.45000E+00	0.	0.
OE	268	80	1.07000E+00	0.	0.
OF	269	81	1.00000E-01	0.	0.
YO	270	82	1.00000E-02	0.	0.

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

YI 1			1.00000E+01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YTH1C	451	44	0.00000E+00	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YTH1C	452	46	1.14125E+00	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YTH1C	453	47	-2.64000E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YTH1C	454	48	-1.13125E-01	-1.00000E+06	1.00000E+06
YTH1C	455		-4.02000E+00	0.	0.
YTH1C	456		1.14000E+01	0.	0.
YTH1C	457		1.71000E+01	0.	0.
YTH1C	458		3.33000E+00	0.	0.
YTH1C	459		-7.45000E-02	0.	0.
YTH1C	460		-5.43000E-01	0.	0.
YTH1C	461		-4.00000E-01	0.	0.
YTH1C	462		4.67000E+00	0.	0.
YTH1C	463		5.34000E-01	0.	0.
YTH1C	464		3.84000E+00	0.	0.
YTH1C	465		7.40000E-03	0.	0.
YTH1C	466		-5.17000E+00	0.	0.
YTH1C	467		2.64000E+01	0.	0.
YTH1C	468		-7.08000E-01	0.	0.
YTH1C	469		-2.64000E+02	0.	0.
YTH1C	470		-3.45000E+00	0.	0.
YTH1C	471		6.60000E-01	0.	0.
YTH1C	472		4.70000E+00	0.	0.
YTH1C	473		1.25000E-02	0.	0.
YTH1C	474		1.25000E-02	0.	0.
YTH1C	475		1.25000E-02	0.	0.
YTH1C	476		1.53000E-05	0.	0.
YTH1C	477		1.53000E-05	0.	0.
YTH1C	478		1.53000E-05	0.	0.
YTH1C	479		3.79000E-06	0.	0.
YTH1C	480		3.79000E-06	0.	0.
YTH1C	481		3.79000E-06	0.	0.
YTH1C	482		1.45000E-07	0.	0.
YTH1C	483		1.45000E-07	0.	0.
YTH1C	484		5.75000E-07	0.	0.
YTH1C	485		5.75000E-07	0.	0.
YTH1C	486		5.75000E-07	0.	0.

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

***** SYSTEM MODEL WITH INITIAL VALUES OF PARAMETERS *****

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	-3.6000E-03	3.1500E-04	7.0650E-02	-9.4500E-02	-9.4700E+00	1.0813E+00	0.	-3.2200E+01	2.5100E+01	4.1600E-02
2	1.9500E-02	-7.0475E-02	2.7000E-03	6.6300E+00	-8.2375E-01	-1.6700E+02	3.2200E+01	0.	-1.0100E+01	-3.7600E-01
3	-5.3000E-02	-5.3250E-03	-5.5100E-01	-7.6500E+00	1.9300E+02	3.3000E+00	0.	-1.4400E+00	-2.1800E+02	9.9875E-01
4	-1.3750E-02	-1.9750E-02	-1.2375E-02	-1.2900E-01	1.2750E-02	5.5375E-01	0.	0.	-5.2000E-01	-1.0000E-02
5	-3.7500E-04	1.7250E-03	1.2800E-03	-6.8750E-03	-5.2500E+00	3.3750E-03	0.	0.	-6.4000E-02	-4.2100E-02
6	-2.0000E-03	1.0125E-02	-2.5000E-04	6.3250E-02	4.4550E-02	-9.1000E-01	0.	0.	-1.4000E+00	-1.5200E-02
7	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	4.4700E-02	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00
10	2.9400E-02	5.0000E-04	4.3200E-01	4.9500E-01	-3.9700E+00	-3.9600E+00	0.	0.	-1.2600E+02	-1.0275E+01
11	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	1.9100E-02	-7.0700E-02	3.7900E-02	-8.4600E+00	-1.8800E+01	1.5600E-01	0.	0.	1.1188E+02	4.1500E+00
13	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	-1.4400E-02	-5.0600E-02	-9.4500E-02	-1.5200E+01	1.2100E+01	-7.2000E-01	0.	0.	-6.2325E+00	1.1700E+00

	11	12	13	14
1	-2.4000E+01	-2.5100E+00	-1.9100E+00	-4.9000E-01
2	4.3200E+00	-2.1000E-01	2.5800E+01	9.2300E-01
3	-1.1100E+01	3.7800E+00	1.1700E+01	-4.4900E+00
4	-4.5800E+00	-4.7200E-01	1.7800E+01	1.0700E+00
5	3.8600E+00	2.2500E-01	1.0000E+00	1.0400E-01
6	-5.3000E-01	-5.3200E-02	1.8400E+00	8.0000E-02
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	2.3750E+01	1.2498E+00	-1.2600E+01	-7.3750E-01
11	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.
12	-2.5250E+01	-1.6950E+01	-2.0125E+02	-1.7775E+01
13	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00
14	1.9250E+02	2.8500E+01	-3.6525E+01	-2.2000E+01

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

	1	2	3	4
1	-3.6000E+00	-4.6000E+00	-4.4000E-01	2.6500E+01
2	1.5000E+01	1.1900E+01	5.5700E+00	-7.0800E-01
3	4.1000E+01	1.7100E+01	5.3400E-01	-2.6900E+02
4	1.1413E+00	3.7300E+00	3.8500E+00	-3.4500E+00
5	-2.6440E-01	-7.9500E-02	1.8900E-03	6.6000E-01
6	-1.1313E-01	-5.4300E-01	-5.1700E+00	4.7000E+00
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	-4.8150E+01	9.8230E+00	-1.9460E+00	2.3100E+02
11	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	-1.4525E+02	1.6300E+02	-5.3000E-01	3.0700E+01
13	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	1.6300E+02	1.1000E+02	2.9900E-01	-8.4000E+01

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	-3.6000E-03	3.1500E-04	7.0650E-02	-9.4500E-02	-2.4200E+00	1.0813E+00	0.	0.	2.5100E+01	4.1600E-02
2	1.9500E-02	-7.0875E-02	2.7000E-03	-9.1000E-01	-8.2375E-01	1.6100E+00	0.	0.	-1.0100E+01	-3.7600E-01
3	-4.4000E-02	-5.3250E-03	-5.5800E-01	-7.6500E+00	2.4400E+01	3.3000E+00	0.	0.	-2.1800E+02	9.9875E-01
4	-1.3750E-03	-1.9750E-02	-1.2375E-02	-1.2900E-01	1.2750E-02	5.5375E-01	0.	0.	-5.2000E-01	-1.0000E-02
5	-3.7500E-04	1.7250E-03	1.2000E-03	-6.8750E-03	-6.2500E+00	3.3750E-03	0.	0.	-6.4000E-02	-4.2100E-02
6	-2.0000E-03	1.0125E-02	-2.5000E-04	8.3250E-02	4.4550E-02	-9.1000E-01	0.	0.	-1.4000E+00	-1.5200E-02
7	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.	0.
11	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.
12	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.
13	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

	1	2	3	4
1	-2.4900E+0E	-4.9200E+00	-4.8000E-01	2.6500E+01
2	1.5000E+01	1.1900E+01	6.6700E+00	-7.0000E-01
3	4.4000E+01	1.7100E+01	5.3400E-01	-2.6900E+02
4	1.1413E+00	3.3300E+00	3.8500E+00	-3.4500E+00
5	-2.6400E-01	-7.9500E-02	7.8000E-03	6.6000E-01
6	-1.1113E-01	-5.4300E-01	-5.1700E+00	4.7000E+00
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	0.	0.	0.	0.
11	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	0.	0.	0.	0.
13	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	0.	0.	0.	0.

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

55

	11	12	13	14
1	0.	0.	0.	0.
2	0.	0.	0.	0.
3	0.	0.	0.	0.
4	0.	0.	0.	0.
5	0.	0.	0.	0.
6	0.	0.	0.	0.
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	0.	0.	0.	0.
11	1.4500E-07	0.	0.	0.
12	0.	5.7800E-07	0.	0.
13	0.	0.	5.7800E-07	0.
14	0.	0.	0.	5.7800E-07

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

DATE: 11/11/11 10:11:11

ASCHENBACHER

ITERATION NO. 0

GRADIENT

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	9.7905E-01	-9.4560E+00	5.4085E+01	3.3027E+01	3.5678E+01	1.0180E+02	-8.9946E-02	3.7676E+01	-2.6467E+00	-3.6614E+02

GRADIENT

	11	12
1	-1.0191E+02	-8.6075E+02

INFORMATION MATRIX EIGENVALUES

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1.4067E+03	2.3083E+03	1.3395E+02	6.6271E+01	4.0124E+01	3.4480E+01	9.4173E+00	1.4236E+00	5.5158E-01	2.5698E-01

INFORMATION MATRIX EIGENVALUES

	11	12
1	1.5060E-01	2.1443E-03

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			P	STD DEV OF P	F-VALUE
1	1	XU	-3.6000000E-03	7.2124934E-03	2.4913456E-01
2	2	YU	1.9500000E-02	8.6133216E-03	5.1254015E+00
3	3	ZU	-9.3000000E-02	1.7922754E-02	2.6925042E+01
4	4	TU	-1.3750000E-03	1.5949003E-03	7.4325580E-01
5	5	KU	-3.7500000E-04	3.7283084E-04	1.0116711E+00
6	6	HU	-2.0000000E-03	6.3844792E-04	9.8131637E+00
7	15	XV	3.1500000E-04	6.7991511E-03	2.1464053E-03
8	16	YV	-7.1675000E-02	6.3712063E-03	1.2374932E+02
9	17	ZV	-5.3250000E-03	1.4028697E-02	1.4408028E-01
10	18	TV	-1.9750000E-02	8.3300758E-04	5.6212940E+02
11	19	UV	1.7250000E-03	3.5882695E-04	2.3110433E+01
12	20	HV	1.0125000E-02	2.0898432E-04	2.3472670E+03
13	20	XW	7.0650000E-02		
14	30	YW	2.7000000E-03		
15	31	ZW	-5.5000000E-01		
16	32	TW	-1.2375000E-02		
17	33	UW	1.2000000E-03		
18	34	UW	-2.5000000E-04		
19	43	XP	-9.4500000E-02		
20	45	YP	-7.6500000E+00		
21	46	FP	-1.2000000E-01		
22	47	OP	-6.0750000E-03		
23	48	OP	4.3250000E-02		
24	58	YJ	-4.2375000E-01		
25	60	IO	1.2750000E-02		
26	61	NO	-5.2500000E+00		
27	62	NO	4.6500000E-02		
28	71	NO	1.0512500E+00		

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

20 73 ZF 3.510000E+00
 30 74 LD 5.547500E-01
 31 75 SP 4.475000E-01
 32 76 LD -2.100000E-01
 33 177 R0000 -1.250000E+02
 34 124 R0000 1.118750E+02
 35 177 R0000 -5.272500E+00
 36 129 Z0000T 0.007500E-01
 37 140 R0000T -1.027500E+01
 38 130 R0000T 3.150000E+00
 39 151 R0001 2.475000E+01
 40 152 R0001 -3.525000E+01
 41 154 R0001 1.025000E+02
 42 155 R0000T 2.250000E-01
 43 154 R0000T 1.240750E+00
 44 155 R0000T -1.055000E+01
 45 161 R0000T 2.050000E+01
 46 175 R0001 -1.260000E+01
 47 180 R0001 -2.012500E+02
 48 182 R0001 -3.652500E+01
 49 102 R0000T -7.375000E-01
 50 104 R0000T -1.777500E+01
 51 106 R0000T -2.200000E+01
 52 147 XTH1S -3.690000E+00
 53 148 YTH1S 1.500000E+01
 54 149 ZTH1S 0.300000E+01
 55 200 LTH1S 1.141250E+00
 56 201 MTH1S -2.640000E-01
 57 202 NTH1S -1.131250E-01
 58 203 PTH1S -4.815000E+01
 59 204 RTH1S -1.462500E+02

LIKELIHOOD FUNCTION = -2.3102572E+04
 GRADIENT OF LIKE FUNCT = 7.2119250E+02

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

			NEW D	STEP	MINIMUM STEP
1	1	XX	-3.023541E-03	3.6234514E-04	1.0000000E-01
2	2	YY	3.0010232E-02	-1.0530232E-02	-1.0015504E+00
3	3	ZZ	-1.0207454E-01	0.8755340E-03	1.0014356E-01
4	4	XX	2.2422704E-03	-3.6672744E-03	-2.6671115E+00
5	5	YY	-1.0441844E-03	1.0031844E-03	2.6044944E+00
6	6	ZZ	-3.0102044E-03	1.0102044E-03	0.5004774E-01
7	7	XX	3.2374400E-04	-4.7484024E-06	-2.7004452E-02
8	8	YY	-4.0040030E-02	1.4003034E-02	1.0004427E-01
9	9	ZZ	-7.0040042E-03	2.5040042E-03	4.0040042E-01
10	10	XX	-1.0752441E-02	-0.0754000E-04	-5.0000311E-02
11	11	YY	0.0042511E-04	7.2617400E-04	4.2007005E-01
12	12	ZZ	1.0240480E-02	-1.1540023E-04	-1.1404344E-02
13	13	XX	7.0000000E-02		
14	14	YY	2.7000000E-03		
15	15	ZZ	-4.5000000E-01		
16	16	XX	-1.2375000E-02		
17	17	YY	1.2000000E-03		
18	18	ZZ	-2.5000000E-04		
19	19	XX	-0.4500000E-02		
20	20	YY	-7.6500000E+00		
21	21	ZZ	-1.2000000E-01		
22	22	XX	-4.0750000E-03		
23	23	YY	3.3250000E-02		
24	24	ZZ	-0.2375000E-01		
25	25	XX	1.2750000E-02		
26	26	YY	-4.2500000E+00		
27	27	ZZ	4.4550000E-02		
28	28	XX	1.0012500E+00		
29	29	YY	3.3000000E+00		
30	30	ZZ	5.5375000E-01		
31	31	XX	3.3750000E-03		
32	32	YY	-0.1000000E-01		
33	33	ZZ	-1.2500000E+02		
34	34	XX	1.1147500E+02		
35	35	YY	-4.2325000E+00		
36	36	ZZ	0.5075000E-01		
37	37	XX	-1.0275000E+01		
38	38	YY	4.1500000E+00		
39	39	ZZ	1.1700000E+00		
40	40	XX	2.3750000E+01		
41	41	YY	-3.4250000E+01		
42	42	ZZ	1.0250000E+02		
43	43	XX	2.2500000E-01		
44	44	YY	1.2007500E+00		
45	45	ZZ	-1.4550000E+01		
46	46	XX	2.0500000E+01		
47	47	YY	-1.2000000E+01		
48	48	ZZ	-2.0125000E+02		
49	49	XX	-3.6525000E+01		
50	50	YY	-7.3750000E-01		
51	51	ZZ	-1.7775000E+01		
52	52	XX	-2.2000000E+01		
53	53	YY	-3.5000000E+00		
54	54	ZZ	1.5000000E+01		
55	55	XX	0.4000000E+01		
56	56	YY	1.1612500E+00		
57	57	ZZ	-2.6610000E-01		
58	58	XX	-1.1312500E-01		
59	59	YY	-4.1150000E+01		
60	60	ZZ	-1.0000000E+00		

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS OF CONTINUOUS INNOVATIONS COVARIANCE

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	5.0311E-03	3.5000E-03	1.4551E-03	7.5384E-02	1.1796E-03	1.2150E-03	1.0524E-02	1.4144E-04	4.0577E-04	1.1303E-02

DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS OF DISCRETE INNOVATIONS COVARIANCE

	11	12	13	14
1	1.9978E-05	2.4326E-05	5.0174E-05	2.1149E-04

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

			NEW P	STEP	NORMALIZED STEP
1	1	YH	1.0000000E-03	-4.0347329E-03	-5.3713893E+00
2	2	YH	2.0017905E-02	1.4204234E-02	4.1510247E-01
3	3	ZH	-8.0073611E-02	4.2019525E-04	5.7840166E-03
4	4	IH	2.0030524E-03	1.4576200E-03	4.6541524E-01
5	5	YH	-1.3030381E-03	-4.1041667E-04	-2.4340957E-01
6	6	YH	-2.4077777E-03	-6.4309301E-04	-1.0124253E-01
7	15	XV	-1.6050662E-03	2.0045498E-03	4.9754414E+00
8	16	YV	-6.0405547E-02	-4.4250312E-03	-1.2240245E-01
9	17	ZV	-6.1410946E-03	-1.1971273E-02	-4.5944825E-01
10	18	IV	-1.2079456E-02	-2.1569134E-04	-1.1790054E-02
11	19	YV	3.7203204E-03	-5.1040736E-04	-1.5843667E-01
12	20	ZV	0.1045325E-03	-1.8616449E-05	-2.0491602E-03
13	24	XV	4.6494148E-02		
14	30	YV	4.5544071E-02		
15	31	ZV	-3.7320060E-01		
16	32	IV	1.8747808E-02		
17	33	YV	-4.8060084E-03		
18	34	ZV	1.2241043E-03		
19	43	XV	-4.3400323E-01		
20	45	ZV	-4.2305727E+00		
21	46	IV	1.0420311E-01		
22	47	YV	5.6814067E-02		
23	48	ZV	0.8616656E-02		
24	54	YV	3.4001472E+00		
25	60	IV	4.6943524E-01		
26	61	YV	-5.4039809E+00		
27	62	ZV	-2.9677957E-02		
28	71	XV	1.4056125E+00		
29	73	ZV	1.0724126E+01		
30	74	IV	5.0213133E-01		
31	75	YV	-3.4864405E-02		
32	76	ZV	-1.1891747E+00		
33	122	QAAA	-1.3814507E+02		
34	124	QAAA	4.2804305E+01		
35	126	QAAA	-7.1840264E+01		
36	128	QAAA	-2.2022154E+00		
37	136	QAAA	-9.5047032E+00		
38	138	QAAA	5.8003013E+00		
39	140	QAAA	-1.1080706E+00		
40	150	QAAA	2.4650369E+01		
41	152	QAAA	-5.1137205E+01		
42	154	QAAA	1.7513409E+02		
43	156	QAAA	2.4231343E-01		
44	164	QAAA	1.7401553E+00		
45	166	QAAA	-2.0516757E+01		
46	168	QAAA	2.7440202E+01		
47	174	QAAA	-1.4422554E+01		
48	180	QAAA	-1.7294001E+02		
49	182	QAAA	-2.9245464E+01		
50	184	QAAA	-3.1701576E+00		
51	186	QAAA	-1.0017025E+01		
52	188	QAAA	-2.2215225E+01		
53	197	QAAA	-4.0210300E+00		
54	198	QAAA	1.7517454E+01		
55	199	QAAA	1.0551230E+02		
56	200	QAAA	1.6423600E+00		
57	201	QAAA	-4.5149041E+01		
58	202	QAAA	-7.4000013E+03		
59	204	QAAA	-4.9000000E+01		
60	205	QAAA	-1.0000000E+02		

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF B (DISCRETE INNOVATIONS COVARIANCE)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	2.4005E-01	2.5476E-01	3.4589E-01	1.3225E-03	3.6790E-04	3.3587E-04	9.1730E-05	7.7392E-05	7.6846E-05	6.0934E-05

DIAGONAL ELEMENTS OF B (DISCRETE INNOVATIONS COVARIANCE)

	11	12	13	14
1	3.1819E-06	1.2176E-05	1.7880E-05	2.2903E-05

NUMBER OF ITERATIONS EXCEEDED

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	-7.5152E-04	4.0309E-04	9.6494E-02	-4.3692E-01	-9.9700E+00	1.4056E+00	0.	-3.2200E+01	2.5100E+01	4.1600E-02
2	5.4223E-07	-6.1831E-02	4.5569E-02	6.6300E+00	3.4991E+00	-1.6700E+02	3.2200E+01	0.	-1.0100E+01	-3.7600E-01
3	-1.9156E-02	-1.6152E-02	-3.7320E-01	-4.2366E+00	1.9300E+02	1.0724E+01	0.	-1.4400E+00	-2.1800E+02	-2.2922E+00
4	9.7307E-03	-1.6294E-02	1.8704E-02	1.0420E-01	4.6944E-01	5.0313E-01	0.	0.	-5.2800E-01	-1.0000E-02
5	-1.7225E-02	3.2197E-03	-6.6069E-03	5.6818E-02	-5.4040E+00	-3.4268E-02	0.	0.	-6.4800E-02	-4.2100E-02
6	-5.4719E-03	9.0849E-03	1.2351E-03	9.8617E-02	-2.9578E-02	-1.1882E+00	0.	0.	-1.4000E+00	-1.5200E-02
7	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	4.4700E-02	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	2.9400E-02	5.0000E-04	4.3200E-01	4.9500E-01	-3.4700E+00	-3.9000E+00	0.	0.	-1.3815E+02	-9.5867E+00
11	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	5.9100E-02	-7.0700E-02	3.7900E-02	-8.4600E+00	-1.8800E+01	1.5600E-01	0.	0.	4.2804E+01	5.8900E+00
13	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	-6.4600E-02	-5.0500E-02	-9.4500E-02	-1.5200E+01	1.2100E+01	-7.2000E-01	0.	0.	-7.1540E+01	-1.1981E+00

	11	12	13	14
1	-2.4900E+01	-2.5100E+00	-1.9100E+00	-4.9000E-01
2	4.3200E+00	-2.1000E-01	2.5800E+01	0.2300E-01
3	-1.1100E+01	3.7800E+00	1.1700E+01	-4.4900E+00
4	-4.6500E+00	-4.7200E-01	1.7800E+01	1.0700E+00
5	2.6400E+00	2.6231E-01	1.0000E+00	1.0400E-01
6	-1.3000E-01	-5.3200E-02	1.4400E+00	8.0000E-02
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	2.6650E+01	1.2402E+00	-1.6523E+01	-3.1702E+00
11	0.	1.0000E+00	0.	0.
12	-5.1140E+01	-2.0517E+01	-1.7284E+02	-1.9914E+01
13	0.	0.	0.	1.0000E+00
14	1.7513E+02	2.7549E+01	-2.9248E+01	-2.2216E+01

	1	2	3	4
1	-6.9210E+00	-6.9200E+00	-4.8000E-01	2.6500E+01
2	1.7517E+01	1.1900E+01	6.6700E+00	-7.0000E-01
3	1.0551E+02	1.7100E+01	8.3400E-01	-2.6900E+02
4	1.6634E+00	3.3300E+00	3.8500E+00	-3.4500E+00
5	-6.8024E-01	-7.9500E-02	7.9000E-03	6.8000E-01
6	-7.6645E-03	-6.4300E-01	-5.1700E+00	4.7000E+00
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	-6.6685E+01	9.0200E+00	-1.9400E+00	2.3100E+02
11	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	-1.6000E+02	1.6400E+02	-5.3900E-01	3.0700E+01
13	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	1.6300E+02	1.1000E+02	2.9000E-01	-6.4900E+01

[illegible]

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

TABLE 5.1 (Continued)

SCID-1 PROGRAM

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	11	12	13	14
1	-5.4000E+01	-2.5100E+00	-1.9100E+00	-4.9000E-01
2	4.3200E+00	-2.1000E-01	2.5000E+01	9.2300E-01
3	-1.1100E+01	3.7000E+00	1.1700E+01	-4.4900E+00
4	-4.5000E+00	-4.7200E-01	1.7000E+01	1.0700E+00
5	3.5000E+00	2.8231E-01	1.0000E+00	1.0400E-01
6	-1.3000E-01	-5.3200E-02	1.0400E+00	8.0000E-02
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	0.	0.	0.	0.
11	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	0.	0.	0.	0.
13	1.0000E+00	0.	0.	0.
14	0.	0.	1.0000E+00	0.

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	1	2	3	4
1	-7.9210E+00	-4.9200E+00	-4.8000E-01	2.6500E+01
2	1.7517E+01	1.1900E+01	6.6700E+00	-7.0000E-01
3	1.0581E+02	1.7100E+01	5.3400E-01	-2.6900E+02
4	1.6834E+00	3.3300E+00	3.8500E+00	-3.4500E+00
5	-4.5044E-01	-7.0500E-02	7.6000E-03	6.6000E-01
6	-7.5448E-03	-5.4300E-01	-5.1700E+00	4.7000E+00
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	0.	0.	0.	0.
11	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	0.	0.	0.	0.
13	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	0.	0.	0.	0.

Figure 5.1 (Continued)

RESIDUAL PROGRAM

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	1.2500E-02	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
2	0.	1.2500E-02	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
3	0.	0.	1.2500E-02	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
4	0.	0.	0.	1.5300E-05	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
5	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.5300E-05	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
6	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.5300E-05	0.	0.	0.	0.
7	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	3.7900E-06	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	3.7900E-06	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	3.7900E-06	0.
10	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	1.4500E-07
11	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
12	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
13	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.
14	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.

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	11	12	13	14
1	0.	0.	0.	0.
2	0.	0.	0.	0.
3	0.	0.	0.	0.
4	0.	0.	0.	0.
5	0.	0.	0.	0.
6	0.	0.	0.	0.
7	0.	0.	0.	0.
8	0.	0.	0.	0.
9	0.	0.	0.	0.
10	0.	0.	0.	0.
11	1.4500E-07	0.	0.	0.
12	0.	5.7800E-07	0.	0.
13	0.	0.	5.7800E-07	0.
14	0.	0.	0.	5.7800E-07

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Figure 5.1 (Continued)

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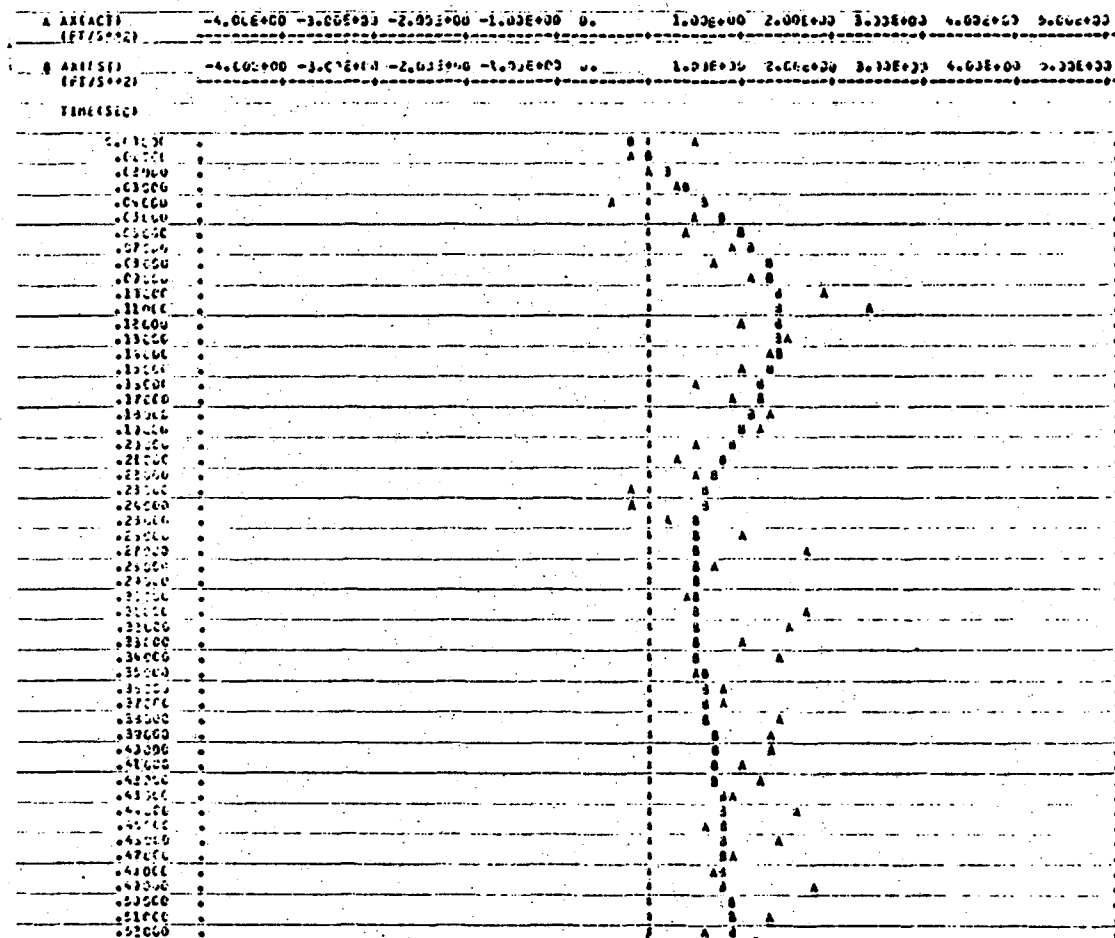


Figure 5.2 Measurement Time History

Figure 5.3 Control Time History

APPENDIX A

A.1 MAXIMUM PROBLEM DIMENSIONS

The Ames 7600 implementation of Linear SCIDNT is dimensioned to the following maximum problem sizes:

NS (number of states) ≤ 22

NQ (number of controls) ≤ 8

NP (number of measurements) ≤ 25

NG (number of process noise sources) ≤ 6

Total number of identified parameters ≤ 120

MCYCLE (number of parameters identified per iteration) ≤ 60

NN (number of data points) ≤ 1001

A.2 JOB CONTROL LANGUAGE REQUIRED TO USE LINEAR SCIDNT ON AMES 7600

The following job deck was used to make sample runs on simulated data. It can be used as an example for other SCIDNT job setups.

RCSCI,Tm,Pn,YD1. Job card. m and n depend on the particular run.

ACCOUNT,XXXXXX,TXXXX. Account card.

MOUNT,VSN=D0185A,FSDMOHA. Mount the private disk with the SCIDNT program and input data.

SETNAME,FSDMOHA. Establish the private disk as the default setname for subsequent ATTACHes.

ATTACH,RCCH53,ID=VERMONT. Attach the time history data file (card images in UPDATE format).

UPDATE,P=RCCH53,C=TAPE9,D,F. Un-compress the data file.
ATTACH,SCIDNT,LIDBN,ID=VERMONT. Attach the SCIDNT program.
SCIDNT. Load and execute SCIDNT.

7/8/9

This null logical record is needed for the UPDATE processor.

7/8/9

SCIDNT data cards (see Figure 4.1)

6/7/8/9

